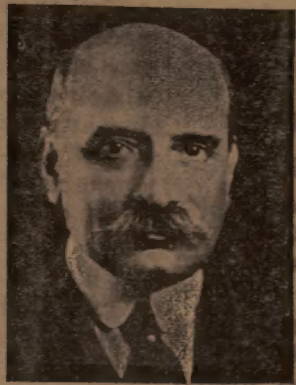
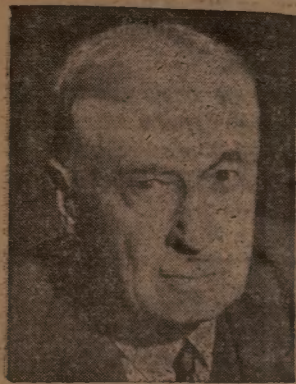


THE MAN BEHIND THE MEN BEHIND THE WAR PRESIDENTS



BERNARD BARUCH ☆ — Unelected advisor to five presidents, top man in Zionist Invisible Government. As Chairman of War Industries Board under Wilson, Baruch boasted: "I probably had more power than perhaps any man in the war."

PAUL WARBURG ☆ — Rothschild representative of Kuhn Loeb & Co., who masterminded the 1912 Federal Reserve Act forced upon the President and Congress.

One of three Zionists in charge of U.S. during war, controlled the banking interests.

SYDNEY HILLMAN ☆ — A Lithuanian who gave up a career as a Rabbi to become a world leader of the Jewish Communist Revolutionary Bund which launched the abortive 1905 revolution in Russia. Hillman was tried, sentenced to life imprisonment, but escaped. Key man under FDR through his Political Action Committee.

DAVID NILES ☆ — Radical Marxist and sex pervert forced into White House by Eleanor Roosevelt, Sam Rosenman and Harry Hopkins as "commissar of minorities". Influential power in White House under FDR and Truman. Blackmailed Truman into recognizing Israel.

SAM ROSENMAN ☆ — Zionist judge high in coterie of Jews surrounding FDR and Truman; wrote Roosevelt's speeches. Also influential in forcing recognition of Israel.

and no American lives were lost."

President Wilson, in his history-making address to the Congress on April 2, 1917, five days before the United States declared war against Germany, recommended to the Congress:

"... that Congress declare the recent course of the Imperial German Government to be in fact nothing less than war against the government and the people of the United States; that it formally accept the status of a belligerent which has been thrust upon it and that it take immediate steps not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defense, but also to exert all its power and employ all its resources to bring the government of the German Empire to terms to end the war."

Following the reading of President Wilson's history-making message to the Congress, resolutions were introduced in both houses of Congress, declaring a state of war had been thrust upon the United States by Germany, and on April 6, 1917 the United States declared war against Germany. Great Britain and France thereupon promptly dispatched missions to Washington requesting "money, food, raw materials and men." France also pleaded to send United States troops as quickly as possible, because the French people "had suffered cruelly and were war-weary and despondent." France's Marshal Joffre at that time declared:

"the sight of American troops, no matter how few, as tangible evidence of America's intentions, would have a tonic effect upon French morale."

Before the end of 1917, two million United States troops were training in France and in the United States, and war industries in the United States were stepped up to supply increased requirements. This great Zionist success, Zionist influence on President Wilson, and exerting Zionist pressure to railroad the United States into World War I, is most accurately described by Mr. James A. Malcolm in "New Judea," official publication of the World Zionist Organization in London, in the October-November 1944 issue, in which Mr. Malcolm states:

"The 'gentleman's agreement' between the Zionist leaders and the War Cabinet, which I was entrusted to bring about, was the basis of cooperation, and within a few months, despite numerous setbacks due to war conditions, solid progress was achieved. The support of President Wilson was, of course, the main achievement, because the United States' help was vitally needed by the Allies. It was only in the following April that the United States came into war."

UNITED STATES RAILROADED INTO WORLD WAR II

The Jews of the world, in a world-wide conference called in Amsterdam, in July

1933, declared a "holy war" against Germans and against Germany, reported by The New York Times of August 7, 1933. Mr. Samuel Untermyer, President of the World Jewish Economic Federation, meeting in Amsterdam, upon his return to the United States from that meeting, delivered the historic declaration of a "holy war" against Germany and Germans, in a nationwide broadcast over the Columbia Broadcasting network. The full text of that declaration of a "sacred war" against Germany and Germans, by Jews throughout the world, was published in The New York Times of August 7, 1933, in which Mr. Untermyer stated, among many other things, the following:

"I deeply appreciate your enthusiastic greeting on my arrival today, which I quite understand is addressed not to me personally but to the holy war in the cause of humanity in which we are embarked, Jews and non-Jews alike, for we are equally concerned that the work of centuries shall not be undone, and that civilization shall not be allowed to die. It is a war that must be waged unremittingly until the black clouds of bigotry, race hatred and fanaticism that have descended upon what was once one Germany, but is now medieval Hitlerland, have been dispersed. If we will but enlist to a man and persist in our purpose, the bright sun of civilization will again shine upon Germany, and the world will be a safer place in which to dwell What we are proposing and have already gone far toward doing, is to prosecute a purely defensive economic boycott that will undermine the Hitler regime and bring the German people to their senses by destroying their export trade on which their very existence depends. They have flaunted and persisted in flaunting and defying world opinion. We proposed to and are organizing world opinion to express itself in the only way Germany can be made to understand."

Zionist leaders in the United States, in Great Britain and throughout the world, not only waged their "holy war" against Germany and Germans in the economic field, but they initiated their notorious worldwide propaganda campaign to block any avenue of understanding, or settlements of disputes, between Germany, Great Britain and France. The pressure which Zionists were exerting upon Great Britain and France, to wage war against Germany, was quite apparent everywhere, and could not be mistaken. The following are only a few of the many available quotations, which indicate the great pressure exerted by Zionist leaders throughout the world, for unleashing World War II against Germany. The late Mr. James Forrestal, Secretary of Defense in the Truman Administration, quoting from "The Forrestal Diaries," (Viking Press, 1951), stated the following:

"27 December 1945 — Played golf today with Joe Kennedy (Joseph P. Kennedy,

who was Roosevelt's Ambassador to Great Britain in the years immediately before the war). I asked him about his conversations with Roosevelt and Neville Chamberlain from 1938 on. He said Chamberlain's position in 1938 was that England had nothing with which to fight and that she could not risk going to war with Hitler. Kennedy's view: That Hitler would have fought Russia without any later conflict with England if it had not been for Bullitt's (William C. Bullitt, then Ambassador to France) urging on Roosevelt in the summer of 1939 that the Germans must be faced down about Poland; neither the French nor the British would have made Poland a cause of war if it had not been for the constant needling from Washington. Bullitt, he said, kept telling Roosevelt that the Germans wouldn't fight, Kennedy that they would, and that they would overrun Europe. Chamberlain, he says, stated that America and the world Jews had forced England into war."

The Daily Express of London, a leading British newspaper, on March 24, 1938, printed the following banner-headline across the front page: "JUDEA DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY"

The Sunday Chronicle of London, another leading British newspaper, on January 2, 1938, under the headline "500,000,000 Pound Fighting Fund for the Jews," published an article in which the following appeared:

"The Jew is facing one of the biggest crises in his troubled history. In Poland, Rumania, Germany, Austria, his back is to the wall. But now he is going to hit back hard. This week the leaders of International Jewry will meet in a village near Geneva to devise a counter-offensive. Now a united front composed of all sections of Jewish parties is to be formed. It will show the anti-Semitic governments of Europe that the Jew insists on fair play. The great International Jewish financiers are to contribute approximately 500,000,000 pounds sterling (2,500,000,000). This sum will be used to fight the persecuting States. The battle will be fought on the world's stock exchanges. Since the majority of the anti-Semitic States are burdened with heavy international debts, they will find their very existence threatened. A boycott throughout Europe of their export products by way of the retailer may underline the present uncertain economic stability of several of the anti-Semitic countries."

The eminent Zionist Rabbi M. Perlsweig, head of the British section of the World Jewish Congress, stated to a Canadian audience, as reported by the Toronto Evening Telegram of February 26, 1940, the following:

"The World Jewish Congress has been at war with Germany for seven years."

In an editorial in the issue of July 24, 1942, of The American Hebrew, a Zionist weekly on national affairs, commenting on